Protect Children and Families Experiencing Homelessness from Having to Sleep in Unsafe Places:

Include Language from the FY’17 Senate Budget for the Emergency Assistance Line Item (7004-0101) in the Pending Supplemental Budget (House Bill 4506)

The Problem:
Many families with children experiencing homelessness are forced to sleep in cars, bus stations, and other unsafe places before they are admitted into shelter.

- Based on the state’s own data, **628 families with children** had to sleep in cars, bus stations, emergency rooms and other unsafe places in FY’16 (July 2015 through June 2016) **before** they were found eligible for emergency shelter through the state’s Emergency Assistance (EA) program. In the first 3 months of FY’17, another **200 families** were approved for EA only after staying in such dire circumstances.

- Families are showing up at hospital clinics and emergency rooms **with no other safe place to sleep**, which in turn drives up health care costs. Educators across the state are expressing concern about the fate of their students whose educations are being disrupted as their families search for a safe place to sleep.

- This crisis is due to onerous shelter eligibility restrictions imposed by the Department of Housing and Community Development (DHCD) in September 2012. Under these regulations, in the first three months of FY’17, at least 49% of the families who applied for shelter were denied (1,270 out of 2,618 families tracked by DHCD). For FY’16, the denial rate was 46% (4,410 out of 10,019 families).

The Simple Solution: Through the pending supplemental budget, adopt the Senate’s proposed FY’17 EA budget language in line item 7004-0101 to allow otherwise eligible families to be placed in shelter before they have to stay in a place not meant for human habitation, not just **after** they have stayed there. (See over).

- Based on DHCD’s own numbers, we estimate that approximately **600-700 families** per year will first have to stay in places not meant for human habitation before getting shelter if this new language is not adopted.
- If each of these families got placed in shelter one night earlier to avoid this fate, the **cost to the Commonwealth would be only about $70,000 per year**. Even if they received shelter three nights earlier, the cost would be only **$210,000 per year**.
- DHCD’s own data shows that many of these families are getting into shelter now – but only after sleeping in unfit places. It’s gone too far.

The Cost:
Less than $300,000 per year.

Protect Children Experiencing Homelessness in the FY’17 Supplemental Budget:
Actively Support the Inclusion of Language from the FY’17 Senate Budget to Provide Shelter and Services to Families with Children Who Are Within 24 Hours of Staying in Places Not Meant for Human Habitation

For more information, contact the Massachusetts Coalition for the Homeless (Kelly Turley, [kelly@mahomeless.org](mailto:kelly@mahomeless.org) or 781-595-7570 x17) or Massachusetts Law Reform Institute (Georgia Katsoulomitis, [gkatsoulomitis@mlri.org](mailto:gkatsoulomitis@mlri.org) or 617-357-0700).
Previously Proposed Senate Language to Protect Children and Families Experiencing Homelessness for Line Item 7004-0101

“…provided further, that temporary emergency assistance shall be provided to families who on the date of application for emergency assistance have no other feasible alternative housing, as defined in 760 CMR 67.06.1(b), and who, but for not having spent 1 night in a public or private place not designed for or ordinarily used as a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings, including but not limited to a car, park, abandoned building, medical facility, bus or train station, airport or camping ground, would be eligible for emergency assistance under clauses (i), (ii), (iii) or (iv);”